UNITED STATES

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT

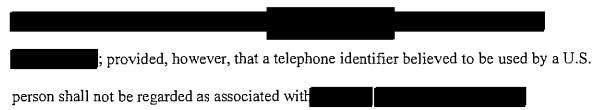
WASHINGTON, D.C.

IN RE PRODUCTION OF TANGIBLE THINGS	Docket Number:	BR 08-13
FROM		

ORDER REGARDING PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE INCIDENT DATED JANUARY 15, 2009

On December 11, 2008, the Court authorized the government to acquire the tangible things sought by the government in its application in Docket BR 08-13. The Court specifically ordered, however, that

access to the archived data shall occur only when NSA has identified a known telephone identifier for which, based on the factual and practical considerations of everyday life on which reasonable and prudent persons act, there are facts giving rise to a reasonable, articulable suspicion that the telephone identifier is associated with



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solely on

the basis of activities that are protected by the First Amendment to the Constitution.

Docket BR 08-13, Primary Order at 8.

On January 15, 2009, the Department of Justice notified the Court in writing that the government has been querying the business records acquired pursuant to Docket BR 08-13 in a manner that appears to the Court to be directly contrary to the above-quoted Order and directly contrary to the sworn attestations of several Executive Branch officials. See e.g., id., Application at 10-11, & 20-21; Declaration at 8; Exhibit B (NSA 120-Day Report) at 9 & 11-12. Given the massive production authorized by this Order, coupled with the limited information provided thus far by the government, the Court

HEREBY ORDERS the government to file a written brief with appropriate supporting documentation, no later than 10:00 a.m., Tuesday, February 17, 2009, the purpose of which is to help the Court assess whether the Orders issued in this docket should be modified or rescinded; whether other remedial steps should be directed; and whether the Court should take action regarding persons responsible for any misrepresentations to the Court or violation of its Orders, either through its contempt powers or by referral to appropriate investigative offices.

In addition to any other information the government wishes to provide, the brief shall

¹As the government noted in its application, "[i]f authorized, the requested order will result in the production of call detail records pertaining to communications, including call detail records pertaining to communications of U.S. persons located within the United States who are not the subject of any FBI investigation." <u>Id.</u>, Application at 12.

specifically address the following issues:2

- 1. Prior to January 15, 2009, who, within the Executive Branch, knew that the "alert list" that was being used to query the Business Record database included telephone identifiers that had not been individually reviewed and determined to meet the reasonable and articulable suspicion standard? Identify each such individual by name, title, and specify when each individual learned this fact.
- 2. How long has the unauthorized querying been conducted?
- 3. How did the unauthorized querying come to light? Fully describe the circumstances surrounding the revelations.
- Assistant Attorney General for National Security, United States Department of Justice ("DOJ"), and the Deputy Attorney General of the United States as well as the Declaration of , a Deputy Program Manager at the National Security Agency ("NSA"), represents that during the pendency of this order, the NSA Inspector General, the NSA General Counsel, and the NSA Signals Intelligence Directorate Oversight and Compliance Office each will conduct reviews of this program. Docket BR 08-13, Application at 27, Declaration at 11. The Court's Order directed such review. Id.,

²The government reports in its <u>Forty-five Day Report in Docket BR 08-13</u>, filed on January 26, 2009, that it expects to report to the Court by February 2, 2009, "the actions it has taken to rectify this compliance incident." To the extent that report addresses the following questions, the government need not repeat the answers in response to this Order. Instead, the government may refer the Court to the appropriate page or pages of the February 2nd report.

Primary Order at 12. Why did none of these entities that were ordered to conduct oversight over this program identify the problem earlier? Fully describe the manner in which each entity has exercised its oversight responsibilities pursuant to the Primary Order in this docket as well as pursuant to similar predecessor Orders authorizing the bulk production of telephone metadata.

- 5. The preliminary notice from DOJ states that the alert list includes telephone identifiers that have been tasked for collection in accordance with NSA's SIGINT authority. What standard is applied for tasking telephone identifiers under NSA's SIGINT authority?

 Does NSA, pursuant to its SIGINT authority, task telephone identifiers associated with United States persons? If so, does NSA limit such identifiers to those that were not selected solely upon the basis of First Amendment protected activities?
- 6. In what form does the government retain and disseminate information derived from queries run against the business records data archive?
- 7. If ordered to do so, how would the government identify and purge information derived from queries run against the business records data archive using telephone identifiers that were not assessed in advance to meet the reasonable and articulable suspicion standard?

 The Court is exceptionally concerned about what appears to be a flagrant violation of its

Order in this matter and, while the Court will not direct that specific officials of the Executive

Branch provide sworn declarations in response to this Order, the Court expects that the declarants will be officials of sufficient stature that they have the authority to speak on behalf of the Executive Branch.

IT IS SO ORDERED, this 28th day of January 2009.

REGGIE B. WALTON

Judge, United States Foreign Intelligence

Surveillance Court

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